

Encyclopedia Of The Human Body

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Encyclopedia Of The Human Body

Human body, the physical substance of the human organism. Characteristic of the vertebrate form, the human body has an internal skeleton with a backbone, and, as with the mammalian form, it has hair and mammary glands. Learn more about the composition, form, and physical adaptations of the human body.

human body - Encyclopedia Britannica | Britannica

Human growth and developmentDefinitionIn the context of the physical development of children, growth refers to the increase in the size of a child, and development refers to the process by which the child develops his or her psychomotor skills.DescriptionGrowthThe period of human growth from birth to adolescence is commonly divided into the following stages: Source for information on Human ...

Human Growth and Development | Encyclopedia.com

Normal human body temperature varies slightly from person to person and by the time of day. Consequently, each type of measurement has a range of normal temperatures. The range for normal human body temperatures, taken orally, is 36.8 ± 0.5 °C (98.2 ± 0.9 °F).

Human body temperature - Wikipedia

The average 70 kg (150 lb) adult human body contains approximately 7×10^{27} atoms and contains at least detectable traces of 60 chemical elements. About 29 of these elements are thought to play an active positive role in life and health in humans. The relative amounts of each element vary by individual, mainly due to differences in the proportion of fat, muscle and bone in their body.

Composition of the human body - Wikipedia

Normal body temperature varies by person, age, activity, and time of day. The average normal body temperature is generally accepted as 98.6°F (37°C). Some studies have shown that the "normal" body temperature can have a wide range, from 97°F (36.1°C) to 99°F (37.2°C).

Body temperature norms: MedlinePlus Medical Encyclopedia

Since the three germ layers precede differentiation into all the cell types in the body, this observation suggested that the cultured cells were pluripotent. The team published “Embryonic Stem Cell Lines Derived from Human Blastocysts,” in the 6 November Science issue.

Human Embryonic Stem Cells | The Embryo Project Encyclopedia

Human body measurements differ. The worldwide average height for an adult human male is about 172 cm (5 ft 7 + 1/2 in), and the worldwide average height for adult human females is about 158 cm (5 ft 2 in). The average weight of an adult human is 54–64 kg (119–141 lb) for females and 70–83 kg (154–183 lb) for males.

Human - Simple English Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Human nutrition, process by which substances in food are transformed into body tissues and provide energy for the full range of physical and mental activities that make up human life. Foods supply nutrients that are critical for human growth. Learn about essential nutrients, food groups, and dietary requirements.

human nutrition | Importance, Essential Nutrients, Food ...

1. Pre-Cartesian Views on the Pineal Gland. The pineal gland or pineal body is a small gland in the middle of the head. It often contains calcifications (“brain sand”) which make it an easily identifiable point of reference in X-ray images of the brain.

Descartes and the Pineal Gland (Stanford Encyclopedia of ...

Schilder, Paul, 1935 [1950], The Image and Appearance of the Human Body: Studies in the Constructive Energies of the Psyche, New York: International Universities Press. Shildrick, Margrit and Janet Price, 1998, Vital Signs: Feminist Reconfigurations of the Bio/logical Body, Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.

Feminist Perspectives on the Body (Stanford Encyclopedia ...

The human body is composed of just four basic kinds of tissue: nervous, muscular, epithelial, and connective tissue. Connective tissue is the most abundant, widely distributed, and varied type. It includes fibrous tissues, fat, cartilage, bone, bone marrow, and blood.

Connective Tissue - Biology Encyclopedia - cells, body ...

Conceptualizing human dignity as foundational is sometimes construed as bonding the existing body of human rights law with a moral claim that guarantees their force as moral, not just positive, rights. The most plausible explanation of such a guarantee is through deontological theory granting supreme moral importance to the individual and ...

Human Dignity | Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy

René Descartes: The Mind-Body Distinction. One of the deepest and most lasting legacies of Descartes' philosophy is his thesis that mind and body are really distinct—a thesis now called "mind-body dualism." He reaches this conclusion by arguing that the nature of the mind (that is, a thinking, non-extended thing) is completely different from that of the body (that is, an extended, non ...

Descartes, Rene: Mind-Body Distinction | Internet ...

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Tissue types: MedlinePlus Medical Encyclopedia Image

Plasma is the often forgotten part of blood. White blood cells, red blood cells, and platelets are important to body function. But plasma also plays a key role. This fluid carries the blood components throughout the body. Facts about plasma. Plasma is the largest part of your blood.

What Is Plasma? - Health Encyclopedia - University of ...

Search Encyclopedia. What Are White Blood Cells? Your blood is made up of red blood cells, white blood cells, platelets, and plasma. Your white blood cells account for only about 1% of your blood, but their impact is big. White blood cells are also called leukocytes. ... Some medicines can raise or lower the body's white blood cell count.

What Are White Blood Cells? - Health Encyclopedia ...

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